



English Worksheet N° 1

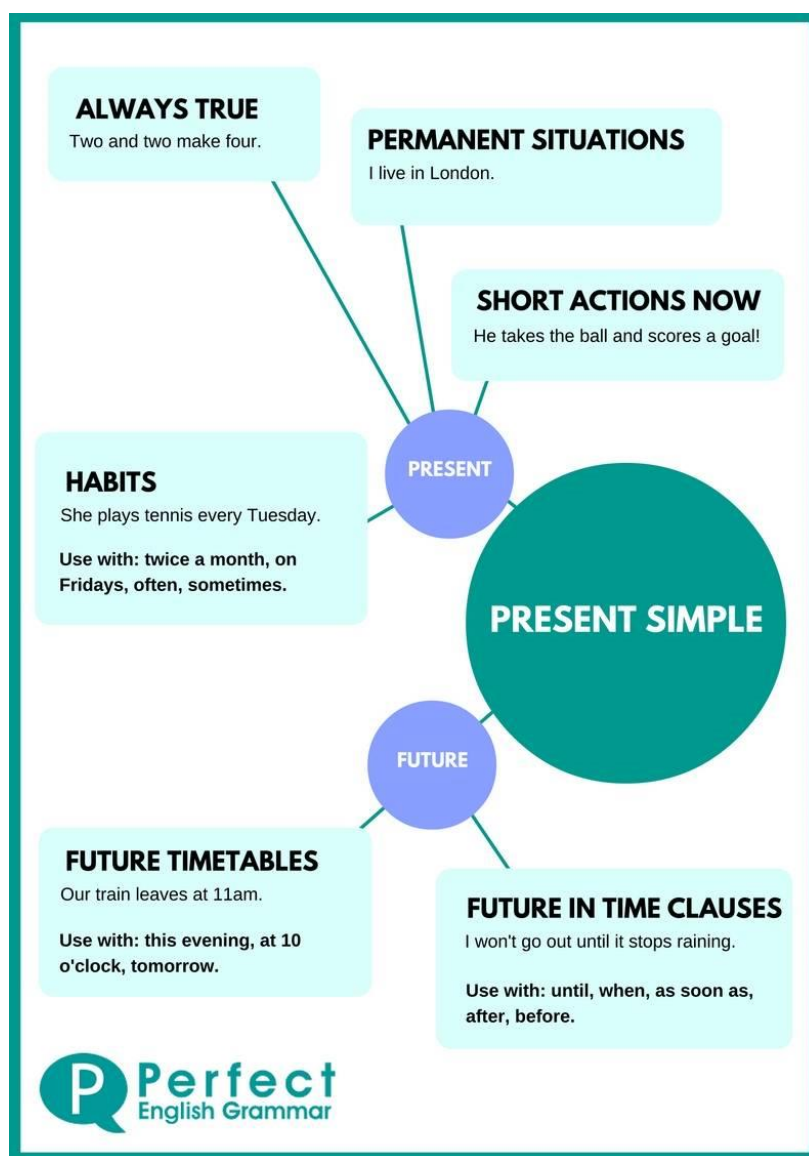
Content: Simple Present Tense **REVIEW**

Name: _____ Level: 2º Medio _____

Date: March 10th, 2021

STUDY THIS INFORMATION ON SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

Uses of simple present tense




El siguiente cuadro muestra las 3 formas de oraciones y los auxiliares respectivos para cada persona gramatical (sujeto).

Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative
I think.	Do I think?	I do not think.
You think.	Do you think?	You do not think.
He thinks.	Does he think?	He does not think.
She thinks.	Does she think?	She does not think.
It thinks.	Does it think?	It does not think.
We think.	Do we think?	We do not think.
They think.	Do they think?	They do not think.

THIRD (3rd) PERSON SINGULAR

Does Andrea play the guitar?

Affirmative



Yes, she **does**.

Yes, she **plays** the guitar.

Negative



No, she **doesn't**.

No, she **doesn't** play the guitar.

HE, SHE, IT: TERCERA PERSONA SINGULAR

HE, SHE, IT : DOES / DOESN'T

I, YOU, WE, THEY: DO / DON'T

NOTA: Cuando el sujeto es tercera (third/3rd) persona singular el verbo lleva "s" o "es" en la oración afirmativa. (sólo en la afirmativa)

Example:

My friend has a new bicycle.

Mariana reads a lot of books

Javier likes playing the piano.

He goes to the cinema every month

My cousin does his homework in his bedroom.

EXERCISES

I. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE VERB IN BRACKETS

(Llena los espacios con el verbo en paréntesis. Recuerda la S en la tercera persona singular)

A) Affirmative form

1. Anne _____ (work) in a language school.
2. She _____ (be) a teacher.
3. Andrés _____ (teach) English.
4. Her students _____ (come) from all over the world.
5. Anne usually _____ (go) to school by bus.
6. On the bus she _____ (have) time to correct a few tests.

B) Negative form (recuerda usar el auxiliar correspondiente a cada persona, excepto con verbo BE (am/is / are)).

1. The children _____ (be/not) tired.
2. Carol _____ (have/not) any brothers or sisters.
3. I _____ (drink/not) milk.
4. She _____ (like/not) maths.
5. I _____ (be/not) from Englan

C) Form negative sentences with the words in brackets.

Example: (take the bus/ Your mom/ in the morning)

Does your mom **take** the bus in the morning?

1. (have/you/a dog)

2. (speak/they/English)

3. (cook/Joseph/ well)

4. (play/he/tennis)

5. (ride her bicycle/she/ on sundays)

II. CHOOSE THE CORRET ANSWER ACCORDING TO YOUR OWN EXPERIENCE

1. What's the first thing you do when you stand up?
 - a) I see my cellphone.
 - b) I take a shower
 - c) I have breakfast
 - d) I turn on my computer

2. What do you do if you are hungry and the lunch isn't ready yet?
- a) I eat anything I find in the kitchen
 - b) I go to buy some sweets
 - c) I help my mother with the lunch
 - d) I complain because the lunch isn't ready
3. Order the following actions (according to your own reality) just before going to sleep.
- a) I Watch videos or televisión
 - b) I eat
 - c) I A get my school materias ready for the next morning
 - d) I talk to my friends on the whats up or cellphone
 - e) I take a shower
4. If you win the lottery, in what order you do the following.actions:
- a) I move to a beautiful and big house with my family
 - b) I travel around the world
 - c) I buy an expensive, 0 kilometres car
 - d) I help my relatives with money
 - e) I sit down and think what to do with all my money.
 - f) I tell my friends about it.

III. UNDERLINE THE VERBS FROM THE SENTENCES ABOVE AND MAKE A LIST WITH THEIR MEANING IN SPANISH. (subraya los verbos en las oraciones de la actividad anterior y has una lista con su significado en español)

ENGLISH

1. See

SPANISH

Ver

